## **BIO 10 Course Outline as of Spring 2004**

# **CATALOG INFORMATION**

Dept and Nbr: BIO 10 Title: INTRO PRIN BIOLOGY Full Title: Introduction to Principles of Biology Last Reviewed: 1/28/2019

Units		<b>Course Hours per Week</b>		Nbr of Weeks	<b>Course Hours Total</b>	
Maximum	4.00	Lecture Scheduled	3.00	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	52.50
Minimum	4.00	Lab Scheduled	3.00	1	Lab Scheduled	52.50
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	6.00		Contact Total	105.00
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 105.00

Total Student Learning Hours: 210.00

Title 5 Category:	AA Degree Applicable
Grading:	Grade or P/NP
Repeatability:	00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP
Also Listed As:	
Formerly:	

## **Catalog Description:**

Introductory course in biology including: scientific method, ecology, bio diversity, physiology and anatomy, chemistry of life, cell and molecular biology, genetics, and evolution. Meets general education laboratory science requirement.

**Prerequisites/Corequisites:** 

**Recommended Preparation:** 

Eligibility for ENGL 100 or ESL 100.

## **Limits on Enrollment:**

## **Schedule of Classes Information:**

Description: Introductory course in biology including: scientific method, ecology, bio diversity, physiology and anatomy, chemistry of life, cell and molecular biology, genetics, and evolution. Meets general education laboratory science requirement. (Grade or P/NP) Prerequisites/Corequisites: Recommended: Eligibility for ENGL 100 or ESL 100. Limits on Enrollment:

# **ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:**

AS Degree: CSU GE:	Area C Transfer Area B2 B3	Natural Science Life Science Laboratory Act		Effective: Fall 1981 Effective: Fall 1981	Inactive: Inactive:
IGETC:	<b>Transfer Area</b> 5B 5C	n Biological Sciences Fulfills Lab Requirement		Effective: Fall 1981	Inactive:
CSU Transfer	:Transferable	Effective:	Fall 1981	Inactive:	
UC Transfer:	Transferable	Effective:	Fall 1981	Inactive:	

CID:

## **Certificate/Major Applicable:**

Not Certificate/Major Applicable

# **COURSE CONTENT**

## **Outcomes and Objectives:**

Upon completion of this course, student will:

- 1. Apply the steps in the scientific method of hypotheses, experiments, data collection and theories, as well as the use of statistics.
- 2. Recognize and name the major levels of biological organization from atoms and cells to ecosystems and biomes.
- 3. Relate abiotic factors to the distribution of world biomes.
- 4. Explain how ecosystems are structured through energy flow, material cycles (i.e., water, carbon and nitrogen), and various trophic levels.
- 5. Evaluate species interactions to distinguish mutualism, predation, parasitism, herbivory, commensalism, and competition, including coevolution.
- 6. Describe how population density, dispersal, and growth are limited by environmental and intrinsic factors and apply these concepts to human populations.
- 7. Examine successional change in communities and the underlying causes.
- 8. Compare and contrast the nutrient acquisition, gas exchange, and internal transport mechanisms of plants and animals.
- 9. Differentiate the identifying characteristics and representatives of the major Domains and Kingdoms of organisms.
- 10. Summarize the structure of atoms, molecules, biological polymers and their significance to cell structure and function, anatomy, physiology, genetics and evolution.
- 11. Compare and contrast the cell structures, ultrastructures, membranes, and membrane transport and the functions of these structures and interactions found in prokaryotic, eukaryotic, plant and animal cells.

- 12. Synthesize knowledge of enzyme reactions with cellular functions, metabolism, photosynthesis, cell respiration and organismal function.
- 13. Compare and contrast methods of cellular reproduction (mitosis, meiosis and binary fission) and their significance.
- 14. Explain how DNA codes for proteins, how the code is translated by the cell, and the relationship to scientific traits and inheritance.
- 15. Synthesize knowledge of the mechanisms of evolution, adaptation, and speciation.
- 16. Relate the principles of genetics to the processes of evolution.
- 17. Describe the values, themes, methods and history of the discipline and identify realistic career objectives related to a course of study in the major.

# **Topics and Scope:**

- 1. Methods and philosophies of science
  - a. Steps in scientific method to laboratory experiments
  - b. Statistics in hypothesis testing
  - c. Hypothesis and theories
- 2. Biological Hierarchy: Discuss levels of biological organization from atoms and cells to the biosphere
- 3. Introduction to the Biosphere and major world biomes
- 4. Ecology of Ecosystems: Nutrient cycles (water, carbon, nitrogen), energy flow, trophic structure
- 5. Populations
  - a. Structure (density, dispersion, age structure)
  - b. Function (exponential, logistic growth)
  - c. Human populations
  - d. Population fluctuations
  - e. Factors affecting carrying capacity
  - f. Density dependent/density independent
  - g. Limiting factors
- 6. Ecology of Communities: Interspecific species interactions, coevolution, succession
- 7. Types of Nutrition
  - a. Autotrophic and heterotrophic
  - b. Surface to volume ratio
  - c. Macromolecules, vitamins, and minerals
- 8. Comparative Physiology of
  - a. Microorganisms, plants, animals
  - b. Positive and negative feedback loops
- 9. Plant Structure and Function
  - a. Root, stem and leaf anatomy
  - b. Nutrition, gas exchange, transport (transpiration and phloem sap)
  - c. Plant reproduction
- 10. Comparative Animal Structure and Function of Different Animal Taxa: Nutrition and digestion, gas exchange, transport
- 11. Classification of Living Things
  - a. Prokaryotes vs. eukaryotes
  - b. Domain system, eukaryotic kingdoms
- 12. Diversity of Eukaryotic Kingdoms
  - a. Distinguishing characteristics

- b. Specialization of structure and function
- c. Ecology and evolution
- 13. Atomic Structures
  - a. Chemical bonding (ionic, covalent, hydrogen bonds)
  - b. pH
- 14. Properties of Water
  - a. Polarity and hydrogen bonding, cohesion and adhesion
  - b. States of matter
  - c. Osmosis and diffusion
- 15. Macromolecule Structure and Function
  - a. Dehydration synthesis and hydrolysis
  - b. Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids
- 16. Cell structure and ultrastructure
  - a. Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell structure
  - b. Cell organelles and their functions
  - c. Cell cytoskeleton and movement
  - d. Endosymbiotic hypothesis
- 17. Cell membrane structure and transport
  - a. Phospholipids bilayer
  - b. Membrane proteins
  - c. Passive and active transport, endocytosis and exocytosis
- 18. Enzymes
  - a. Structure and function
  - b. Positive and negative feedback loops
- c. Effect of substrate concentration, pH and temperature
- 19. Metabolic Pathways
  - a. Photosynthesis
    - 1) Properties of light and photopigments
    - 2) Substrate, products, and location of Light Dependent and Light Independent Reactions
  - b. Respiration
    - 1) Role of ATP
    - 2) Substrate, products, and location of Glycolysis, Krebs Cycle and Electron Transport Chain
    - 3) Aerobic vs. anaerobic respiration
- 20. Cellular Reproduction
  - a. Mitosis
  - b. Meiosis including sources of genetic variation
- 21. Molecular Genetics
  - a. DNA replication
  - b. Protein synthesis, genetic code
  - c. Mutations and mutagens
  - d. Changes in chromosome number and chromosome structure
- 22. Transmission Genetics
  - a. Mendelian: monohybrid crosses
  - b. Post Mendelian Genetics: partial dominance, blood type (multiple alleles), polygenic inheritance, autosomal linkage, sex linkage
  - c. Effects of environment on genetic expression
- 23. Contributions to Evolutionary Theory
  - a. Lamarck
  - b. Darwin and Natural Selection
- 24. Evidence for Evolution

- a. Comparative anatomy and physiology
- b. Molecular biology
- 25. Mechanisms of Evolution
  - a. Natural Selection, types of selection, gene flow
  - b. Genetic drift: bottlenecks, founders effect, small population, inbreeding
- 26. Biological Species Concept and Reproductive Isolation Mechanisms
- 27. Speciation and Adaptive Radiation
- 28. Use and care of compound and dissecting microscopes
- 29. Orientation to the values, themes, methods and history of the discipline and identification of realistic career objectives related to a course of study in the major.

#### Assignment:

- 1. Assigned reading from texts and other assigned reading.
- 2. Lab reports and/or essay assignments.
- 3. Scientific method of analysis and interpretation of data.
- 4. Assigned homework from laboratory or lecture assignments.
- 5. Objective examinations including: multiple choice and/or short essay lecture exams and short answer laboratory exams.
- 6. Demonstrate basic skill and handling of the microscope.

## Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

**Writing:** Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

Written homework, Lab reports or essays

**Problem Solving:** Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Homework/genetic probs, sci. meth. & analysis data

**Skill Demonstrations:** All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

Use and care of microscopes

**Exams:** All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Multiple choice, Short answer and/or essay, lab exams (required)

**Other:** Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

Writing 5 - 10%

Problem solving 2 - 10%

Skill Demonstrations 2 - 5%

Exams 65 - 80% Class participation

Other Category 0 - 10%

## **Representative Textbooks and Materials:**

BIOLOGY, CONCEPTS AND APPLICATIONS, 5th Edition, by C. Starr, 2003. BIOLOGY, CONCEPTS AND CONNECTIONS, 4th Edition, by Campbell, Reece Mitchell, and Taylor, 2003.