PHYS 2B Course Outline as of Fall 2001

CATALOG INFORMATION

Dept and Nbr: PHYS 2B Title: GENERAL PHYSICS LEC

Full Title: General Physics Lecture

Last Reviewed: 4/22/2019

Units		Course Hours per Week		Nbr of Weeks	Course Hours Total	
Maximum	3.00	Lecture Scheduled	3.00	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	52.50
Minimum	3.00	Lab Scheduled	0	17.5	Lab Scheduled	0
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	3.00		Contact Total	52.50
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 105.00 Total Student Learning Hours: 157.50

Title 5 Category: AA Degree Applicable

Grading: Grade or P/NP

Repeatability: 00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

Also Listed As:

Formerly:

Catalog Description:

Electricity and magnetism, light, atomic and nuclear physics.

Prerequisites/Corequisites:

Phys 2A and not open to students enrolled in or who have completed Phys 4C.

Recommended Preparation:

Limits on Enrollment:

Schedule of Classes Information:

Description: Electricity & magnetism, light, atomic & nuclear physics. (Grade or P/NP)

Prerequisites/Corequisites: Phys 2A and not open to students enrolled in or who have completed

Phys 4C.

Recommended:

Limits on Enrollment:

Transfer Credit: CSU;UC. (CAN PHYS 3B+PHYS 2B=PHYS4)(PHYS 3B+PHYS 3A+PHYS

2B+PHYS 2A=PHYS SEQ A)

Repeatability: Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:

AS Degree: Area Effective: Inactive:

C Natural Sciences Spring 1982

CSU GE: Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

B1 Physical Science Spring 1982

IGETC: Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

5A Physical Sciences Spring 1982

CSU Transfer: Transferable Effective: Spring 1982 Inactive: Fall 2021

UC Transfer: Transferable Effective: Spring 1982 Inactive: Fall 2021

CID:

CID Descriptor: PHYS 100S Algebra/Trigonometry-Based Physics: AB

SRJC Equivalent Course(s): PHYS20 AND PHYS20L AND PHYS21 AND PHYS21L OR

PHYS20A AND PHYS20B

CID Descriptor:PHYS 110 Algebra/Trigonometry-Based Physics B SRJC Equivalent Course(s): PHYS21 AND PHYS21L OR PHYS20B

Certificate/Major Applicable:

Not Certificate/Major Applicable

COURSE CONTENT

Outcomes and Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define the concepts of electrical charge, electric field strength, magnetic field strength, potential difference, resistivity, resistance, capacitance, inductance, impedance & give units used to express each of these quantities.
- 2. Solve problems using Coulomb's Law.
- 3. Sketch electric field lines & equipotential surfaces for various configurations of charge & solve problems involving electric fields & potential difference.
- 4. Explain what a dielectric is & solve problems involving calculations of capacitance, voltage across capacitors, charge stored in capacitors & energy stored in capacitors for various combinations of capacitors, & for capacitors with & without dielectrics.
- 5. Solve problems using Ohm's Law & involving calculations of resistance, current, voltage & power.
- 6. Determine the equivalent resistance of combinations of resistors in series & parallel & use Kirchhoff's rules to calculate voltages & currents.
- 7. Solve problems involving alternating current RLC circuits including resonance.
- 8. Describe the structure & properties of materials that are electrical conductors, electrical insulators, semiconductors, & ferromagnetic materials.
- 9. Sketch magnetic field lines for various configurations of permanent

- magnets & for current carrying wires & loops & solve problems involving the magnetic force on moving charged particles & on current carrying wires.
- 10. Calculate the magnetic field due to long straight current carrying wires & due to current carrying loops.
- 11. State Lenz's Law & apply it to induced currents.
- 12. Explain the operation of moving coil meters, motors, generators & transformers, & the production of back emf & eddy currents.
- 13. Describe the electromagnetic waves & their production, & list the types of radiation included in the electromagnetic spectrum in order of increasing or decreasing wavelength or frequency.
- 14. Give a value for the speed of light in a vacuum, state the approximate wavelength range of the visible spectrum, & arrange a list of color in order of their wavelengths or frequencies.
- 15. Explain the refraction of light at the interface between 2 transparent media & the concept of index of refraction; write the equation for Snell's Law & use it in problem solving; explain the concepts of total internal reflection & the critical angle.
- 16. Explain the real, virtual, erect & inverted as they apply to images formed by mirrors & lenses; describe the image forming properties of convex & concave spherical mirrors & of converging & diverging thin spherical lenses; do calculations involving object distances, image distances, focal lengths & magnifications of mirrors & lenses.
- 17. Describe the optical configurations of & image formation by the camera, the eye, telescopes & microscopes.
- 18. Explain the formation of a double slit interference pattern, single slit diffraction pattern & spectra by diffraction gratings, & solve problems involving interference & diffraction of light.
- 19. Distinguish between unpolarized & polarized light & explain how polarized light can be produced.
- 20. State the postulate on which the theoy of special relativity is based; describe the effects of relativistic time dilation, length contraction, & mass increase; & solve problems involving these effects as well as energy & momentum at relativistic speeds.
- 21. Describe the photoelectric effect & explain the concepts of work function & threshold frequency or wavelength.
- 22. Explain what a photon is; solve problems involving the wavelength, frequency, energy & momentum of photons; & describe the wave-particle duality of light & matter.
- 23. Explain & describe electron energy levels using the Bohr model of the atom; describe the processes of emission & absorption of photons by orbital electrons; use the Bohr model to calculate electron energy levels & frequencies or wavelengths of emitted or absorbed light.
- 24. Explain the concept of quantum numbers, state the Pauli exclusion principle, & explain the structure of the periodic table.
- 25. Define terms involving atomic nuclei such as atomic number, mass number, nucleon, isotope & atomic weight; calculate nuclear binding energies.
- 26. Explain why some atomic nuclei are radioactive; define the concept of a half-life & use it in problem solving; describe the various modes of radioactive decay.
- 27. Describe what happens in nuclear fission & fusion & explain the

release of energy in each of these processes.

28. Write equations for the nuclear processes of radioactive decay, fission, fusion, & nuclear transmutation; calculate mass differences & energy released in each of the processes; & indicate conservation laws which are applicable to these interactions.

Topics and Scope:

Topics covered include:

- 1. Electric forces and fields.
- 2. Electric potential.
- 3. Direct current circuits.
- 4. Magnetism.
- 5. Electromagnetic induction.
- 6. Alternating current and electronics.
- 7. Electromagnetic waves.
- 8. Properties of light.
- 9. Optical devices.
- 10. Interference, diffraction, polarization of light.
- 11. Special relativity.
- 12. Early quantum physics.
- 13. Atomic structure and the emission of light.
- 14. Nuclear physics.

Assignment:

- 1. No less than twelve sets of homework problems
- 2. Zero to fifteen quizzes
- 3. No less than three mid-term exams
- 4. Final exam.

Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

Writing: Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

None, This is a degree applicable course but assessment tools based on writing are not included because problem solving assessments are more appropriate for this course.

Writing 0 - 0%

Problem Solving: Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Homework problems, Quizzes, Exams

Problem solving 15 - 35%

Skill Demonstrations: All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

None

Skill Demonstrations 0 - 0%

Exams: All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Multiple choice, PHYSICS PROBLEMS TO SOLVE

Exams 65 - 85%

Other: Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

None

Other Category 0 - 0%

Representative Textbooks and Materials:

Physics by Cutnell & Johnson, 5th edition, Wiley, 2000