#### MATH 15 Course Outline as of Summer 2017

## **CATALOG INFORMATION**

Dept and Nbr: MATH 15 Title: ELEMENTARY STATISTICS

Full Title: Elementary Statistics

Last Reviewed: 1/9/2024

Units		Course Hours per Week		Nbr of Weeks	<b>Course Hours Total</b>	
Maximum	4.00	Lecture Scheduled	4.00	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	70.00
Minimum	4.00	Lab Scheduled	0	6	Lab Scheduled	0
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	4.00		Contact Total	70.00
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 140.00 Total Student Learning Hours: 210.00

Title 5 Category: AA Degree Applicable

Grading: Grade or P/NP

Repeatability: 00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

Also Listed As:

Formerly:

### **Catalog Description:**

Exploration of concepts in statistics, descriptive statistics, probability theory (including but not limited to the uniform, binomial, Poisson, normal, chi-square and t distributions), Central Limit Theorem, estimation of population parameters from a sample, hypothesis testing (including parametric and nonparametric methods), correlation and linear regression, introduction to analysis of variance, computer simulations.

### **Prerequisites/Corequisites:**

Completion of MATH 154 or higher; or Qualifying Placement from Math Assessment. See Student Success & Assessment Services (assessment.santarosa.edu) for more information about the assessment process.

### **Recommended Preparation:**

#### **Limits on Enrollment:**

# **Schedule of Classes Information:**

Description: Exploration of concepts in statistics, descriptive statistics, probability theory, Central Limit Theorem, estimation of population parameters from a sample, hypothesis testing,

correlation and linear regression, introduction to analysis of variance, computer simulations. (Grade or P/NP)

Prerequisites/Corequisites: Completion of MATH 154 or higher; or Qualifying Placement from Math Assessment.

See Student Success & Assessment Services (assessment.santarosa.edu) for more information about the assessment process.

Recommended:

Limits on Enrollment: Transfer Credit: CSU:UC.

Repeatability: Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

# **ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:**

**AS Degree:** Area Effective: Inactive:

B Communication and Analytical Fall 1989

Thinking

MC Math Competency Fall 1981

**CSU GE:** Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

B4 Math/Quantitative Reasoning Fall 1990

**IGETC:** Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

2A Mathematical Concepts & Fall 1993

Quantitative Reasoning

**CSU Transfer:** Transferable Effective: Fall 1989 Inactive:

**UC Transfer:** Transferable Effective: Fall 1989 Inactive:

CID:

CID Descriptor: MATH 110 Introduction to Statistics SRJC Equivalent Course(s): MATH15 OR PSYCH9

### **Certificate/Major Applicable:**

Major Applicable Course

# **COURSE CONTENT**

## **Outcomes and Objectives:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Create and use graphic displays of data and frequency distributions.
- 2. Identify the standard methods of obtaining data and identify advantages and disadvantages of each method.
- 3. Distinguish among different scales of measurement and their implications.
- 4. Define mean, median, mode, percentiles, variability and standard deviation, and compute each for sets of data.
- 5. Use laws of probability and Bayes' formula.
- 6. Define and apply combinations, permutations, sample space, and probability distributions, including calculation of the mean and variance of a discrete distribution and calculation of probabilities using normal and t distributions.
- 7. Distinguish the difference between sample and population distributions and apply the Central Limit Theorem to calculate sampling distributions of

means, proportions and standard error.

- 8. Compute and interpret confidence intervals and required sample size.
- 9. Identify the basic concept of hypothesis testing including Type I and II errors.
- 10. Select the appropriate technique for testing a hypothesis and interpret the result.
- 11. Perform hypothesis testing for mean, proportion and variance.
- 12. Determine and interpret levels of statistical significance including p-values.
- 13. Implement goodness of fit test, the test for independence.
- 14. Use linear regression and Analysis of Variance, ANOVA, for estimation and inference, and interpret the associated statistics.
- 15. Use statistics software package for evaluation of data and inference.
- 16. Process data sets from disciplines including business, social sciences, psychology, life science, health science and education.

### **Topics and Scope:**

- I. Statistical Description
  - A. Graphic display of data
  - B. Levels of measurement
  - C. Frequency distributions
  - D. Mean
  - E. Median
  - F. Mode
  - G. Percentiles
  - H. Variability
  - I. Standard deviation
  - J. Chebyshev's Theorem
- II. Counting and Probability Distributions
  - A. Laws of probability and counting
  - **B.** Combinations
  - C. Permutations
  - D. Random variables and expected value
  - E. Probability distributions (including, but not limited to, the

# following)

- 1. Uniform
- 2. Binomial
- 3. Poisson
- 4. Normal
- 5. Chi-squared
- 6. Student t

#### III. Statistical Inference

- A. Sampling methods
- B. Sampling distributions
  - 1. Means
  - 2. Proportions
  - 3. Differences of means
- C. Standard error
- D. Central Limit Theorem
- E. Confidence intervals
- F. Hypothesis testing (parametric and extended nonparametric)
  - 1. Means, including t-tests for one and two populations
  - 2. Proportion
  - 3. Differences of means

- 4. Variances
- 5. Chi Square tests: Goodness of Fit and Independence
- G. Required sample size
- H. Correlation and linear regression
- I. Introduction to analysis of variance
- IV. Use of computer and electronic calculator
  - A. Evaluation of data
  - B. Methods of simulations
- V. Use data sets from disciplines including business, social science, psychology, life science, health science and education.

### **Assignment:**

- 1. Daily reading outside of class (0-50 pages per week)
- 2. Problem set assignments from required text(s) or supplementary materials chosen by the instructor (8-16)
- 3. Exams (2-4) and a final exam; quizzes (0-20)
- 4. Projects, e.g. computer activities, surveys or data collection and analysis (0-2)

#### **Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:**

**Writing:** Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

None, This is a degree applicable course but assessment tools based on writing are not included because problem solving assessments are more appropriate for this course.

Writing 0 - 0%

**Problem Solving:** Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Problem sets

Problem solving 10 - 30%

**Skill Demonstrations:** All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

None

Skill Demonstrations 0 - 0%

**Exams:** All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Objective exams, quizzes, final

Exams 70 - 80%

**Other:** Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

**Projects** 

Other Category 0 - 10%

# **Representative Textbooks and Materials:**

Elementary Statistics: Picturing the World (6th ed.). Larson, Ron and Farber, Betsy. Pearson: 2015.

Elementary Statistics, A Step by Step Approach (9th ed.). Bluman, Allan. McGraw-Hill: 2015. Modern Elementary Statistics (12th ed.). Freund, John. Pearson: 2007 (current edition) Elementary Statistics (12th ed.). Triola, Mario F. Pearson: 2014.