GEOL 1L Course Outline as of Fall 2012

CATALOG INFORMATION

Dept and Nbr: GEOL 1L Title: GEOLOGY LAB

Full Title: Geology Lab Last Reviewed: 8/27/2018

Units		Course Hours per Week	ľ	Nbr of Weeks	Course Hours Total	
Maximum	1.00	Lecture Scheduled	0	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	0
Minimum	1.00	Lab Scheduled	3.00	6	Lab Scheduled	52.50
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	3.00		Contact Total	52.50
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 0.00 Total Student Learning Hours: 52.50

Title 5 Category: AA Degree Applicable

Grading: Grade or P/NP

Repeatability: 00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

Also Listed As:

Formerly:

Catalog Description:

An introduction to Earth materials through the identification of minerals and rocks. Interpretation of geologic processes and landforms through analyzing maps and other data.

Prerequisites/Corequisites:

Course Completion or Current Enrollment in GEOL 1

Recommended Preparation:

Limits on Enrollment:

Schedule of Classes Information:

Description: An introduction to Earth materials through the identification of minerals and rocks. Interpretation of geologic processes and landforms through analyzing maps and other data.

(Grade or P/NP)

Prerequisites/Corequisites: Course Completion or Current Enrollment in GEOL 1

Recommended:

Limits on Enrollment: Transfer Credit: CSU;UC.

Repeatability: Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:

AS Degree: Area Effective: Inactive: CSU GE: Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

B3 Laboratory Activity Fall 1984

IGETC: Transfer Area Effective: Inactive:

5C Fulfills Lab Requirement Fall 1981

CSU Transfer: Transferable Effective: Fall 1984 Inactive:

UC Transfer: Transferable Effective: Fall 1984 Inactive:

CID:

CID Descriptor:GEOL 100L Physical Geology Laboratory

SRJC Equivalent Course(s): GEOL1L

Certificate/Major Applicable:

Major Applicable Course

COURSE CONTENT

Outcomes and Objectives:

- 1. Identify common minerals by testing physical properties and using classification charts.
- 2. Identify igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks using classification charts. Deduce environments where rocks form.
- 3. Interpret geologic history using relative and absolute dating methods.
- 4. Utilize data to interpret tectonic activity such as earthquake size, epicentral location and plate movement.
- 5. Analyze maps and aerial photographs to characterize surface features and identify the processes that formed various features.

Topics and Scope:

- I. Introduction to scientific measurement
 - A. SI (international system) units
 - B. Spatial measurements
- II. Earth Materials
 - A. Minerals
 - 1. Physical properties of minerals
 - 2. Identification
 - B. Igneous rocks
 - 1. Common textures and compositions
 - 2. Identification
 - 3. Cooling history
 - C. Sedimentary rocks
 - 1. Common textures and compositions
 - 2. Identification
 - 3. Depositional history and environments
 - D. Metamorphic rocks

- 1. Common textures and compositions
- 2. Identification
- 3. Metamorphic environments (occurrence)

III. Geologic Time

- A. Relative dating
- B. Radiometric dating
- C. The geologic time scale
- IV. Map Interpretation
 - A. Compass directions
 - B. Latitude and longitude
 - C. Elevation
 - D. Interpreting geologic/geomorphic features
- V. Plate Tectonics
 - A. Plate boundaries
 - B. Earthquake epicentral location and triangulation
- VI. Surface Processes (at least 2 of the following topics):
 - A. Mass wasting
 - 1. Classification
 - 2. Identification from maps and aerial photographs
 - B. Stream processes
 - 1. Classification of stream types
 - 2. Identification from maps and aerial photographs
 - C. Groundwater
 - 1. Storage and flow
 - 2. Extraction and contamination
 - D. Glacial processes
 - 1. Erosional and depositional landforms
 - 2. Identification of features from maps and aerial photographs
 - E. Desert processes
 - 1. Erosional and depositional landforms
 - 2. Identification of features from maps and aerial photographs
 - F. Coastal processes
 - 1. Erosional and depositional landforms
 - 2. Identification of features from maps and aerial photographs

Assignment:

- 1. Text reading, approximately 5 to 20 pages per week.
- 2. Weekly in-class assignments including calculations, sketches, rock and mineral identification, and map interpretation.
- 3. Examinations (3-5); quizzes (5-15)
- 4. Class participation: in-class activities, group work and discussions, etc.

Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

Writing: Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

None, This is a degree applicable course but assessment tools based on writing are not included because problem solving assessments are more appropriate for this course.

Writing 0 - 0%

Problem Solving: Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

In-class assignments

Problem solving 20 - 60%

Skill Demonstrations: All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

None

Skill Demonstrations 0 - 0%

Exams: All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Objective examinations, including multiple choice, true/false, matching items, completion, short answer; quizzes

Exams 40 - 80%

Other: Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

Class participation and attendance

Other Category 0 - 10%

Representative Textbooks and Materials:

Laboratory Manual for Introductory Geology, Ludman and Marshak, 1st ed, Norton and Co. (2010)

Zumberge's Laboratory Manual for Physical Geology, Rutford and Carter, 15th ed, McGraw Hill (2010)

Laboratory Manual for Physical Geology, American Geological Institute / National Assn of Geoscience Teachers, Busch and Tasa, 9th ed, Pearson/Prentice Hall (2011)