

ASTR 12 Course Outline as of Summer 2025**CATALOG INFORMATION**

Dept and Nbr: ASTR 12 Title: ASTRON OBSERVTN LAB
 Full Title: Astronomy Observational Lab
 Last Reviewed: 4/22/2019

Units	Course Hours per Week	Nbr of Weeks	Course Hours Total
Maximum	1.00	Lecture Scheduled	0
		0	17.5
Minimum	1.00	Lab Scheduled	3.00
		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	3.00
		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 0.00

Total Student Learning Hours: 52.50

Title 5 Category: AA Degree Applicable

Grading: Grade or P/NP

Repeatability: 00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

Also Listed As:

Formerly: ASTRON 12

Catalog Description:

Observational laboratory in astronomy. Students will utilize small aperture telescopes, binoculars, star charts and planispheres. Constellation identification and terrestrial and celestial coordinate systems will be introduced. Short exposure and deep sky astrophotography will be conducted. In the case of inclement weather, students will utilize the planetarium, classroom, or computer lab to perform required labs.

Prerequisites/Corequisites:

Course Completion or Concurrent Enrollment in ASTRON 3 OR ASTRON 4 OR ASTRON 12

Recommended Preparation:

Course Eligibility for MATH 150 or appropriate placement based on AB705 mandates

Limits on Enrollment:**Schedule of Classes Information:**

Description: Observational laboratory in astronomy. Students will utilize small aperture telescopes, binoculars, star charts and planispheres. Constellation identification and terrestrial and celestial coordinate systems will be introduced. Short exposure and deep sky astrophotography will be conducted. In the case of inclement weather, students will utilize the

planetarium, classroom, or computer lab to perform required labs. (Grade or P/NP)
Prerequisites/Corequisites: Course Completion or Concurrent Enrollment in ASTRON 3 OR ASTRON 4 OR ASTRON 12

Recommended: Course Eligibility for MATH 150 or appropriate placement based on AB705 mandates

Limits on Enrollment:

Transfer Credit: CSU;UC.

Repeatability: Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP

ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:

AS Degree:	Area	Effective:	Inactive:
CSU GE:	Transfer Area	Effective:	Inactive:
	B3	Laboratory Activity	Fall 2012
	B1	Physical Science	Fall 1981
	B3	Laboratory Activity	Fall 2012

IGETC:	Transfer Area	Effective:	Inactive:
	5C	Fulfills Lab Requirement	Fall 2012
	5A	Physical Sciences	Fall 1981
	5C	Fulfills Lab Requirement	Fall 2012

CSU Transfer: Transferable Effective: Fall 1981 Inactive:

UC Transfer: Transferable Effective: Fall 1981 Inactive:

CID:

Certificate/Major Applicable:

Major Applicable Course

COURSE CONTENT

Student Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

1. Calculate properties of a lens/mirror and describe how these properties affect the resulting image
2. Utilize the right ascension and declination coordinate system to locate a celestial object on a star chart and acquire it in a telescope
3. Utilize small aperture telescopes, binoculars, star charts, and planispheres to locate, photograph and collect data from a variety of celestial bodies

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

1. Explain how a lens and a mirror are capable of forming an image
2. Describe how the focal length and diameter of a lens and mirror affects the quality of an image
3. Calculate the focal ratio and magnification of an optical system
4. Compare and contrast the advantages of reflector telescopes to refractor telescopes
5. Use collected field data and the distance modulus to calculate the diameter of extended celestial objects and the distances of certain stars
6. Use collected field data to calculate the distance to certain stars using the distance modulus

7. Utilize collected field data to determine the apparent magnitude of certain stars by comparing them to given standards
8. Explain diurnal motion and describe how an observer's latitude affects the apparent paths of stars
9. Explain how coordinate systems are used to locate terrestrial and celestial bodies
10. Demonstrate annual motion using a globe of Earth and describe why seasons occur on the Earth
11. Utilize star charts and planispheres to learn and apply the celestial coordinate system of right ascension and declination
12. Use star charts and planispheres to locate, identify and determine the rising and setting times of deep sky objects, constellations, and bright stars
13. Assemble telescopes and employ them to locate, observe and sketch planets and deep sky objects
14. Utilize telescopes and cameras to photograph constellations, deep sky objects, planets and the Sun (using neutral density solar filters)
15. Recognize and identify seasonal constellations and stars by name without the aid of star charts or planispheres

Topics and Scope:

I. Earth and Sky

- A. The celestial sphere
- B. Diurnal motion from various locations on Earth
- C. Annual motion
- D. Seasons and why they occur
- E. Coordinate systems
 1. terrestrial coordinate systems
 2. celestial coordinate systems
- F. Constellations
- G. Star charts and planisphere

II. Optical Systems

- A. Image formation
- B. Properties of a lens or mirror
 1. focal length
 2. diameter
 3. focal ratio
- C. Telescopes
 1. refractors
 2. reflectors
- D. Functions of a telescope
- E. Parts of a telescope
- F. Cameras
- G. Functions of a camera
- H. Parts of a camera
- I. Using cameras for astrophotography

III. Deep Sky Objects Including the Messier Catalog

- A. Nebulae
 1. emission nebulae
 2. dark (absorption) nebulae
 3. reflection nebulae
 4. planetary nebulae
 5. supernova remnants

- B. Galaxies
 - 1. spiral galaxies
 - 2. barred spiral galaxies
 - 3. elliptical galaxies
 - 4. irregular galaxies
- C. Star clusters
 - 1. open (galactic) clusters
 - 2. globular cluster
- IV. Determination of the Diameter of Celestial Objects
- V. Determination of the Magnitude and Distances of Stars
 - A. Apparent magnitude scale
 - B. Absolute magnitude scale
 - C. Distance modulus
- VI. Solar Observations and Photography

Assignment:

1. Readings from the lab manual or other instructor prepared materials (20-30 pages/week)
2. Laboratory exercises and written reports (6-10)
3. Field work exercises involving telescope set-up and preparation for astrophotography (3-5)
4. A celestial object report on the student's observations (photographic or visual)
5. Quizzes covering topics on labs, pre-lab orientation, and reading material (3-6)
6. A constellation exam covering the names of constellations and bright stars
7. Star chart exam on identifying stars and deep sky objects
8. A comprehensive final exam

Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

Writing: Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

Lab exercises, written and celestial object reports	Writing 10 - 20%
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Problem Solving: Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Field work, lab exercises	Problem solving 10 - 30%
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Skill Demonstrations: All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

Set up and operation of telescopes and cameras, usage of star charts and planispheres	Skill Demonstrations 0 - 15%
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Exams: All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Quizzes, constellation exam, star chart exam, final exam	Exams 35 - 65%
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Other: Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

Attendance and participation

Other Category
10 - 30%

Representative Textbooks and Materials:

Course text/lab manual written by SRJC Earth and Space Sciences instructors

A Workbook for Astronomy. Waxman, Jerry. 2007 (classic)

21st Century Astronomy. 5th ed. Kay, Laura and Palen, Stacy and Blumenthal, George. Norton. 2016

The Observer's Handbook. Edgar, James, ed. Royal Astronomical Society of Canada. 2019

Other instructor prepared materials