CONS 104 Course Outline as of Fall 2024

CATALOG INFORMATION

Dept and Nbr: CONS 104 Title: CONST MGMT & SCHEDULING Full Title: Construction Management and Scheduling Last Reviewed: 9/25/2023

Units		Course Hours per Week		Nbr of Weeks	Course Hours Total	
Maximum	3.00	Lecture Scheduled	3.00	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	52.50
Minimum	3.00	Lab Scheduled	0	6	Lab Scheduled	0
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	3.00		Contact Total	52.50
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 105.00

Total Student Learning Hours: 157.50

Title 5 Category:	AA Degree Applicable
Grading:	Grade Only
Repeatability:	00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP
Also Listed As:	
Formerly:	

Catalog Description:

Students will be introduced to the managerial functions and operations of a construction business, including the scheduling of work, project funding, and acquiring labor, equipment, and materials for construction projects. Field trips may be required.

Prerequisites/Corequisites: Course Completion of CONS 101

Recommended Preparation: Course Completion or Concurrent Enrollment in CONS 102

Limits on Enrollment:

Schedule of Classes Information:

Description: Students will be introduced to the managerial functions and operations of a construction business, including the scheduling of work, project funding, and acquiring labor, equipment, and materials for construction projects. Field trips may be required. (Grade Only) Prerequisites/Corequisites: Course Completion of CONS 101 Recommended: Course Completion or Concurrent Enrollment in CONS 102 Limits on Enrollment:

ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:

AS Degree: CSU GE:	Area Transfer Area	Effective: Effective:	Inactive: Inactive:
IGETC:	Transfer Area	Effective:	Inactive:
CSU Transfer	: Effective:	Inactive:	
UC Transfer:	Effective:	Inactive:	

CID:

Certificate/Major Applicable:

Certificate Applicable Course

COURSE CONTENT

Student Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Plan the proper construction sequencing and order of operations for a typical building project.
- 2. Analyze the interdependencies of different construction sequences and processes.
- 3. Explain the benefits and risks associated with different forms of business ownership.
- 4. Identify standard methods within a construction project to control costs.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Manage different phases of construction for scheduling purposes.
- 2. Analyze the dependencies of different construction processes and materials placement.

3. Calculate activity durations and dependencies and provide estimated schedules for a construction project.

4. Investigate the different forms of business ownership.

Topics and Scope:

I. Construction Management History and Basic Concepts

- A. An historical overview of modern construction management
- B. Construction project development overview
- C. Components of a construction project
 - 1. Construction technology
 - 2. Construction management
 - 3. Management levels of construction

II. The Bid Package

- A. Drawings
 - 1. Conceptual
 - 2. Design development
 - 3. Approved construction drawings
- B. Estimates

- 1. Preliminary
- 2. Development: developed, refined, approved, accepted, and finalized
- C. Notice to bidders
- D. The project bid package
 - 1. Drawings
 - 2. General conditions
 - 3. Supplementary conditions
 - 4. Technical specifications
 - 5. Addenda
 - 6. Bid bond
 - 7. Performance and payments bonds
- E. Decision to bid and response
- F. Prequalification
- G. Subcontractor and vendor quotations
- III. Project-Related Procedures and Issues
 - A. Acceptance period or withdrawal
 - B. Award of contract and notice to proceed
 - C. Contract agreement
 - D. Time extensions
 - E. Change orders
 - F. Changed conditions
 - G. Value Engineering (VE)
 - H. Suspension, delay, or interruption
 - I. Liquidated damages
 - J. Progress payments and retainage
 - K. Progress reporting
 - L. Acceptance and final payment
- IV. Contracts
 - A. Major construction contract types
 - 1. Stipulated sum
 - 2. Unit-price
 - 3. Negotiated
 - 4. Design-build
 - 5. Construction management
 - 6. Time and material
 - 7. Home improvement
 - B. Prime versus sub-contracts
 - C. Material supply contracts
 - D. Typical contract forms
 - 1. American Institute of Architects (AIA) contract forms
 - 2. Association of General Contractors (AGC) contract forms
 - E. Change orders
- V. Construction Company Structure and Business Operating Costs
 - A. Business ownership structure
 - 1. Proprietorship
 - 2. Partnership
 - 3. Corporation
 - 4. Joint venture
 - B. Business taxation
 - 1. Business deductions in general
 - 2. Taxable income
 - 3. Itemized deductions, standard deductions, and personal exemptions

- 4. Tax payroll withholding
- 5. Sales tax
- C. Workers Compensation and insurance-related issues
- VI. Project Scheduling
 - A. Estimating activity durations
 - B. Using historic productivity data
 - C. Bar charts
 - D. Scheduling logic
 - E. Scheduling networks
 - F. The critical path method
 - 1. Predecessors and successors
 - 2. Process time
 - 3. Float
 - G. Adjusting schedules
 - H. Working to calendar dates
 - I. Milestones
 - J. Long lead times
 - K. Computer-generated scheduling
 - L. Resource-related and advanced linear scheduling techniques
- VII. The Mathematics of Money
 - A. Time value of money
 - B. Simple and compound interest
 - C. Discount rate
 - D. Cash flow diagrams
- VIII. Project Cash Flow
 - A. Cash flow projection
 - B. Cash flow to the contractor
 - C. Overdraft requirements
 - D. Effect of retentions and timing of receivables
 - E. Processing change orders
 - F. Billing formats and frequency
- IX. Project Funding
 - A. Construction financing process
 - B. Construction loan
 - C. Verification of funds
 - D. Contingency allowances
- X. Equipment Ownership
 - A. Equipment ownership and operating costs
 - B. Depreciation of equipment
 - C. Operating costs
 - D. Overhead and markup
 - E. Temporary equipment requirements
 - F. Rental equipment availability factors
 - G. Recaptured depreciation
 - H. Residual value
- XI. Construction Labor
 - A. The labor resource
 - B. Davis-Bacon Act
 - C. Unions
 - D. Open shop
 - E. Labor agreements
 - F. Labor costs

- G. Average hourly cost calculation
- H. Apprenticeship and training
- XII. The Estimating Process
 - A. Estimating construction costs
 - B. Types of estimates
 - C. Detailed estimate preparation
 - D. Quantity takeoff
 - E. Methods of detailed cost determination
 - F. Problems with unit-cost method
- XIII. Cost Control
 - A. Cost control as a management tool
 - B. Project cost control systems
 - C. Cost accounts
 - D. Cost coding systems
 - E. Project cost code structure
 - F. Cost accounts for integrated project management
 - G. Earned value method
 - H. Labor cost data collection
 - I. Charges for indirect and overhead expense
 - J. Project indirect costs
 - K. Fixed overhead
- XIV. Materials Management
 - A. Material management process
 - B. The order
 - C. Approval process
 - D. Fabrication and delivery process
 - E. Installation process
 - F. Material types
- XV. Safety
 - A. Need for safe practices
 - B. Humanitarian concerns
 - C. Economic costs and benefits
 - D. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements
 - E. Safety recordkeeping
 - F. Safety program

Assignment:

- 1. Reading assignments (10-20 pages per week)
- 2. Study question sets (1-3 weekly)
- 3. Quiz(zes) (1-4)
- 4. Project scheduling assignments (2-6)
- 5. Field reports and construction management forms (2-6)
- 6. Midterm exam
- 7. Final exam
- 8. Field trip(s) (0-3)

Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

Writing: Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

Field reports and construction management forms

Problem Solving: Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Study question sets; project scheduling assignments

Skill Demonstrations: All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill performance exams.

None

Exams: All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Quiz(zes); midterm exam; final exam

Other: Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

Class participation

Representative Textbooks and Materials:

Instructor prepared materials

Writing 10 - 20%

Problem solving 20 - 50%

Skill Demonstrations 0 - 0%

Exams 30 - 50%

Other Category 5 - 10%