BIO 27 Course Outline as of Summer 2019

CATALOG INFORMATION

Dept and Nbr: BIO 27 Title: BIOLOGY MARINE MAMMALS Full Title: Biology of Marine Mammals Last Reviewed: 4/8/2019

Units		Course Hours per Week		Nbr of Weeks	Course Hours Total	
Maximum	3.00	Lecture Scheduled	3.00	17.5	Lecture Scheduled	52.50
Minimum	3.00	Lab Scheduled	0	6	Lab Scheduled	0
		Contact DHR	0		Contact DHR	0
		Contact Total	3.00		Contact Total	52.50
		Non-contact DHR	0		Non-contact DHR	0

Total Out of Class Hours: 105.00

Total Student Learning Hours: 157.50

Title 5 Category:	AA Degree Applicable
Grading:	Grade or P/NP
Repeatability:	00 - Two Repeats if Grade was D, F, NC, or NP
Also Listed As:	
Formerly:	

Catalog Description:

Introduction to the biology, natural history, evolution, behavior, anatomy, physiology and population ecology of marine mammals, including whales, dolphins, pinnipeds, otters, manatees and dugongs.

Prerequisites/Corequisites:

Recommended Preparation:

Limits on Enrollment:

Schedule of Classes Information:

Description: Introduction to the biology, natural history, evolution, behavior, anatomy, physiology and population ecology of marine mammals, including whales, dolphins, pinnipeds, otters, manatees and dugongs. (Grade or P/NP) Prerequisites/Corequisites: Recommended: Limits on Enrollment:

ARTICULATION, MAJOR, and CERTIFICATION INFORMATION:

AS Degree: CSU GE:	Area C Transfer Area B2	Natural Science	es	Effective: Fall 2016 Effective: Fall 2016	Inactive: Inactive:
IGETC:	Transfer Area 5B	Biological Scie	ences	Effective: Fall 2016	Inactive:
CSU Transfer	:Transferable	Effective:	Fall 2016	Inactive:	
UC Transfer:	Transferable	Effective:	Fall 2016	Inactive:	

CID:

Certificate/Major Applicable:

Major Applicable Course

COURSE CONTENT

Student Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Apply the scientific method to the investigation and evaluation of biological phenomenon in marine mammals.
- 2. Synthesize knowledge of evolutionary mechanisms, trends, and history with patterns of biodiversity in marine mammals.
- 3. Integrate basic principles of anatomy, physiology, genetics, ecology, and adaptation as they apply to marine mammals.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the features of the class mammalia and compare and contrast the characteristics of the orders and families of marine mammals.
- 2. Summarize key physical features of the marine environment including light, temperature, pressure, and nutrient distribution.
- 3. Compare and contrast primary and secondary production levels in major areas of the ocean and explain how these impact the distribution, population size, and migration patterns of marine mammals.
- 4. Explain systematics and cladistics, and apply these concepts to marine mammals.
- 5. Synthesize the concepts of evolutionary mechanisms, adaptation, and speciation, and apply these concepts to marine mammal evolution.
- 6. Explain mammalian homeostasis and energetics and the anatomical, physiological, and behavioral adaptations made by marine mammals for life in the sea.
- 7. Compare and contrast capabilities and uses of the sensory systems of different marine mammal groups.
- 8. Compare and contrast the various feeding mechanisms of marine mammals as they relate to social structure, physiology and morphology.
- 9. Compare and contrast the mating and social systems of marine mammals and analyze the role of habitat and evolution in shaping these systems.

- 10. Summarize past and present threats and analyze the effectiveness of current laws regulating marine mammal populations.
- 11. Recognize and describe the marine mammal species found along the California coast and describe their ecology, natural history, and world population status.

Topics and Scope:

- I. Science as a Process
 - A. Scientific method
 - B. Techniques used with marine mammals
- II. The Marine Mammals
 - A. Mammalian characteristics
 - B. Taxonomy, systematics, general characteristics and evolution
 - 1. Cetacea
 - 2. Sirenia
 - 3. Pinnipeds
 - 4. Sea otters
- III. The Marine Environment
 - A. Pressure
 - B. Light and temperature
 - C. Density and stratification
 - D. Stability and turnover
 - E. Upwelling and El Nino Southern Oscillating (ENSO) events
- IV. Marine Ecology
 - A. Primary and secondary production: distribution patterns and causes
 - B. Food chains, food webs, and trophic hierarchies
- V. Evolution of Marine Mammals
 - A. Basic genetics including DNA structure, mutations, and heredity
 - B. Mechanisms of evolution including natural selection, sexual selection, gene flow, and genetic drift
 - C. Speciation
- VI. Homeostasis and Adaptations for Living in the Marine Environment
 - A. Functional morphology
 - B. Thermoregulation
 - C. Osmoregulation
 - D. Diving physiology
- VII. Sensory Systems and Communication between Marine Mammals
 - A. Vision in air and water
 - B. Sound and hearing in air and water
 - C. Taste and smell in air and water
 - D. Tactile abilities and communication
 - E. Communication within and between species
- VIII. Food and Feeding Habits of Marine Mammals
 - A. Food and the distribution of marine mammals
 - B. Feeding mechanisms
 - C. Ecology and evolution of body size
 - D. Impact of marine mammal feeding on various marine habitats including a discussion of keystone predators
 - E. Migration
- IX. Reproduction, Development and Behavior of Marine Mammals
 - A. Mating systems
 - B. Physiological and behavioral adaptations for gestation, nursing, and weaning

- C. Development of offspring
- X. Population Biology
 - A. Distributions
 - B. Population growth and limiting factors

XI. Interactions with Humans

- A. Hunting of marine mammal species, past and present
- B. Pollution and biological magnification
- C. Habitat loss
- D. National and international regulations
- E. Marine mammals in captivity: research, entertainment, and military uses
- F. Conservation efforts

Assignment:

- 1. Reading scientific papers, handouts, and text assignments (10-20 pages per week)
- 2. Written homework and problems (5-10)
- 3. Research paper (8-10 pages)
- 4. Quizzes (2-10), including photo-based animal identification, exams (2-4), comprehensive final exam

Methods of Evaluation/Basis of Grade:

Writing: Assessment tools that demonstrate writing skills and/or require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing.

Written homework, research paper

Problem Solving: Assessment tools, other than exams, that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem solving skills.

Homework problems

Skill Demonstrations: All skill-based and physical
demonstrations used for assessment purposes including skill
performance exams.

None

Exams: All forms of formal testing, other than skill performance exams.

Quizzes, exams, final exam

Other: Includes any assessment tools that do not logically fit into the above categories.

Participation: class discussion

Representative Textbooks and Materials:

]	Writing 20 - 50%
]	Problem solving 10 - 30%
]	Skill Demonstrations 0 - 0%
]	Exams 40 - 70%
-	

Other Category

0 - 10%

An Introduction To Marine Mammal Biology And Conservation. Parsons, ECM. Jones and Bartlett. 2012 (classic) Return To The Sea: The Life and Evolutionary Times of Marine Mammals. Berta, Annalisa and Sumich, James. University of California Press. 2012 (classic)